

LAW OFFICES

ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP

SUITE 1800

1300 NORTH SEVENTEENTH STREET
ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22209

DONALD R. ANTONELLI
DAVID T. TERRY
MELVIN KRAUS
WILLIAM I. SOLOMON*
GREGORY E. MONTONE
RONALD J. SHORE
DONALD E. STOUT
ALAN E. SCHIAVELLI
JAMES N. DRESSER
CARL I. BRUNDIDGE*
PAUL J. SKWIERAWSKI*

RANDALL S. SVIHLA
DAVID S. LEE*
ROBERT M. BAUER
DEMETRA J. MILLS
HUNG H. BUI*

OF COUNSEL
DALE CURTIS HOGUE, SR.
CHITTARANJAN N. NIRMEL, PHD*

PATENT AGENT
LARRY N. ANAGNOS

TELEPHONE
(703) 312-6660
FACSIMILE
(703) 312-6666
E-MAIL
email@antonelli.com

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NOTED OTHER THAN VA

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Attorney Docket Number: 520.37550X00
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Sir:

Attached please find the application papers of Masaru
TAKAHASHI, Toshifumi TAKEUCHI, Osamu KAWAMAE, covering new and
useful improvements in REPRODUCTION APPARATUS AND DECODING
APPARATUS, comprising:

Specification, Five (5) Claims and Abstract of
the Disclosure (22 pages)

Eight (8) Sheets of Drawings Showing Figures 1-10

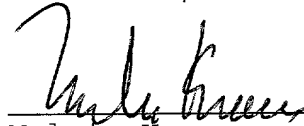
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Respectfully submitted,

ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP



Melvin Kraus

Registration No. 22,466

MK/nac
Attachments

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REPRODUCTION APPARATUS AND DECODING APPARATUS

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to the copyright protection,
5 and in particular to a reproduction apparatus, in which the storage
mediums being legally sold and distributed, as well as, being
legally recorded can be reproduced therefrom, while bringing the
mediums being illegally copied unable to be reproduced therefrom,
and relates to a decoding apparatus, in which the codes which are
10 reproduced from the storage mediums being legally sold and
distributed and legally recorded therein can be decoded, while
bringing the codes reproduced from the mediums being illegally
copied unable to be decoded therefrom.

2. DESCRIPTION OF PRIOR ART

15 As technologies relating to a video signal processing
apparatus for certainly giving a protection under the copyright
on video signals of high quality which can be obtained from video
discs, digital VTRs, receivers for digital broadcasts and so on,
a video signal processing method and recording mediums therefor,
20 are disclosed, for example in Japanese Patent laying-Open No. Hei
10-178656 (1989). Also an authentication and key exchanges for
copy protection is disclosed in NIKKEI ELECTRONICS 1998.3.23
(NO.712) P47-P53.

In the above Patent laying-Open is disclosed, in particular
25 a technology for copying protection by using a generation
management information. However, it does not mention the
technology for making unable the reproduction of storage mediums

which are produced illegally.

For practicing such the copy protection with certainty, a encryption technology is very effective. Contents or information of video and audio to be recorded into the storage medium is encrypted, while a key for encryption is supplied only to a licensee, thereby enabling to make the reproduction of the storage medium which was produced illegally impossible or unable.

However, once being reproduced by decrypting the code thereof, the contents of video and audio can be recorded freely into other storage medium(s), therefore it is impossible to practice the copy protection with certainty therewith. For protecting from such the copy, a technology of watermark is effective, in which a generation management information is superimposed onto the video and audio information in such a manner that they cannot be detected even if they are tried to sense visually and audibly. Namely, restricting the recording of the reproduced video and audio contents by detecting the watermarks thereof, or restricting the reproducing of the reproduced video and audio contents by detecting the watermarks thereof, it can be applied for protecting from the illegal copy, or from viewing the video and audio contents which are illegally copied.

Applying the technologies, such as of the encryption and the watermarks together, it is possible to practice the copy protection with higher certainty. Namely, it is enough that the watermarks are necessarily attached to the video and audio contents to be protected under the copyright and are necessarily encrypted on the storage medium. However, according to the conventional art, there is not paid enough considerations on a manner how to make unable the reproduction of the storage medium which was illegally produced in a case where the technologies of the encryption and the watermarks are applied together thereto. In particular, there is no consideration on a problem that the storage mediums, being legally sold and distributed or being

legally recorded, may also be unable to be reproduced therefrom by erroneous detection of the watermarks thereof.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to the copyright protection, and in particular to a reproduction apparatus, in which the storage mediums being legally sold and distributed, as well as, being legally recorded can be reproduced therefrom, while bringing the mediums being illegally copied unable to be reproduced therefrom, and relates to a decoding apparatus, in which the codes which are
10 reproduced from the storage mediums being legally sold and distributed and legally recorded therein can be decoded, while bringing the codes reproduced from the mediums being illegally copied unable to be decode therefrom.

15 An object, according to the present invention, is to provide a technology for bringing the storage mediums which are illegally produced unable to be reproduced therefrom, while bringing the storage mediums which are legally produced, sold and distributed, or the storage mediums which are recorded according to a legal method or manner, able to be reproduced therefrom, in the case
20 where the technologies of the encryption and the watermark are applied together thereto, and in particular, to disclose the technology for dissolving the problem that the storage mediums being legally sold and distributed or being legally recorded may also be unable to be reproduced therefrom by the erroneous
25 detection of the watermarks thereof, and to provide a reproduction apparatus and a decoding apparatus with using such the technologies.

30 According to the present invention, there is provided a reproduction apparatus for reproducing video or audio information recorded in a storage medium, comprising: an encryption detection means for detecting whether the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is encrypted or not in accordance

with a predetermined encryption system; a watermark detection means for detecting a watermark information indicative of a copy management information, including at least copy prohibition (i.e., "never copy") which is superimposed onto the video or audio information, in a case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system; and a reproduction restricting means for stopping reproduction of the video or audio information, when any of the copy management information is detected upon a detection result by said watermark detection means, in a case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system.

Also, according to the present invention, there is provided the reproduction apparatus as defined in the above, further including: an information analysis means for analyzing whether the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is a regular video or audio information or not, from which the watermark can be detected in the watermark detection circuit, in the case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system, wherein said reproduction restricting means stops the reproduction of the video or audio information, also when it is not decided to be the regular video or audio information from which the watermark can be detected, in the case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system.

Further, according to the present invention, there is provided a decoding apparatus, being inputted with coded video or audio information, for decoding the video or audio information so as to be outputted, comprising: a decryption means for restoring an original video or audio information which is encoded by decrypting an input code data which is encrypted; a watermark

detection means for detecting a watermark information indicative of a copy management information, including at least copy prohibition (i.e., the "never copy") which is superimposed onto the video or audio information, in case of decoding the encoded
5 video or audio information which is inputted, directly without using said decryption means; a reproduction restricting means for stopping reproduction of the video or audio information, when any copy management information is detected upon a detection result by said watermark detection means, in case of decoding the encoded
10 video or audio information which is inputted, directly without using said decryption means.

Further, according to the present invention, there is also provided the reproduction apparatus as defined in the above, further including: a medium and format deciding means for deciding
15 a kind from a plurality of storage mediums and a recording format thereof, wherein said encryption detection means detects whether the data on said medium is encrypted or not in accordance with a encryption system which is predetermined for each of the kinds of said plurality of storage mediums and the recording format
20 thereon, and, said reproduction restricting means stops reproduction of the video or audio information when any of the copy management information is detected upon detection result by said watermark detection means, in case that the video and audio information is not coded in accordance with an encryption system
25 which is predetermined for each of the kinds of said plurality of storage mediums and the recording format thereon.

Moreover, according to the present invention, there is provided a decoding apparatus, being inputted with encoded video or audio information, for decoding the video or audio information
30 so as to be outputted, comprising: a decryption means for restoring an original video or audio information which is encoded by decrypting an input code data which is encrypted; an AKE (Authentication and Key Exchange) means for conducting a authentication between a source device of the input code data and

key exchange necessary for decryption; a watermark detection means for detecting a watermark information indicative of a copy management information, including at least copy prohibition (i.e., the "never copy") which is superimposed onto the video or audio information, if the decoding is started under a condition where the authentication and the key exchange are not yet established in said AKE means; and a reproduction restricting means for stopping reproduction of the video or audio information, when any of the copy management information is detected upon a detection result by said watermark detection means, if the decoding is started under a condition where the authentication and the key exchange are not yet established in said AKE means.

According to the present invention, in the reproduction apparatus for reproducing the video or audio information which is recorded in the storage medium, since the reproduction is stopped when the watermarks can be detected, for the storage medium which is not encrypted in the predetermined encryption system, it is possible to stop viewing of the storage medium which is illegally copied, while performing the reproduction with certainty even if the watermarks may be detected erroneously, for the regular storage medium which is encrypted in the predetermined encryption system.

Also, according to the present invention, it is also possible to stop the reproduction in a case where the watermarks are encrypted in accordance with an illegal encryption system so that the watermark information cannot be detected.

Furthermore, according to the present invention, in the decoding apparatus for decoding the encoded video or audio information, since the decoding can be stopped if there can be detected the watermarks in the codes which are not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system, it is possible to stop viewing by decoding the codes from the storage medium which is illegally copied, while performing the decoding with certainty even if the watermarks may be detected erroneously,

with the regular codes which are encrypted in the predetermined encryption system.

Further, according to the present invention, it is possible to stop viewing of the storage medium which is illegally copied when reproducing from the storage mediums of various kinds of recording formats on which different encryption systems are determined, while the reproduction is performed with certainty even if the watermarks may be detected erroneously, with the regular storage mediums which are encrypted in the predetermined encryption systems.

Also, according to the present invention, it is possible to stop viewing by decoding the codes from the storage medium being copied illegally on which AKE does not operate, while the decoding can be performed with certainty even if the watermarks may be detected erroneously, with the regular codes on which the AKE operates.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram for showing an embodiment of a reproduction apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 shows an example of the reproducing condition in the embodiment of the reproduction apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram for showing another embodiment of the reproduction apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 4 shows an example of reproducing condition in the another embodiment of the reproduction apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 5 is a block diagram for showing an embodiment of a decoding apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 6 shows an example of the output condition in the embodiment of the decoding apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 7 is a block diagram for showing other embodiment of the reproduction apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 8 shows an example of the reproducing condition in the other embodiment of the reproduction apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 9 is a block diagram for showing another embodiment of the decoding apparatus according to the present invention; and

Fig. 10 shows an example of the output condition in the another embodiment of the decoding apparatus according to the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Hereinafter, embodiments according to the present invention will be fully explained by referring to the attached drawings.

Fig. 1 is a block diagram of showing a flow of signals in an embodiment of a reproduction apparatus according to the present invention. In Fig. 1, a reference numeral 10 indicates an encryption detection circuit, 20 a watermark detection circuit, 30 a reproduction restriction circuit, 40 a storage medium, 50 a reading circuit, 60 a reproduction data outputting terminal, and 150 a reproduction deciding circuit.

The present embodiment is a drive, i.e., for reproducing from the storage medium, such as a DVD-ROM or a DVD-RAM, etc. The reading circuit 50 reads out data from the storage medium 40, and supplies the read out data being coded into the encryption

detection circuit 10, the watermark detection circuit 20 and the reproduction restriction circuit 30.

For example, for the DVD-ROM is prepared a method, for the purpose of protecting the video contents or information to be recorded under the copyright, in which moving picture data being compressed with a MPEG 2 system or method is encrypted to be recorded, and the similar method has been studied or investigated for the DVD-RAM. Further, for the purpose of restricting the copy with respect to the video information which has been decrypted from the encryption thereof, the watermark method has also been studied or investigated, in which the copy management information is superimposed onto the video information in such a form that it cannot be detected by viewing it directly. According to the present embodiment, it is possible to reproduce from such the DVD-ROM and DVD-RAM, to which the encryption is treated and the watermarks are inserted.

The encryption detection circuit 10 detects an information being recorded on the storage medium 40, indicating that a disc is encrypted in accordance with a predetermined encryption method.

The watermark detection circuit 20 detects the watermarks superimposed onto the video information which is recorded on the storage medium 40.

The reproduction deciding circuit 150, depending upon a condition, decides whether the moving picture data should be outputted from the reproduction data outputting terminal 60 or not, and depending upon the decision result, the reproduction restricting circuit 30 supplies the moving picture data into the reproduction data outputting terminal 60 when the output should be provided with, while it does not supply it when the output should not be provided. Fig. 2 is a view of showing a reproduction condition. In a case of the disc which is encrypted, since it is

a regular disc on which the protection under the copyright should be given legally, then the data is reproduced therefrom. In a case of the disc which is not encrypted, it is considered to be the disc being illegally copied when the watermarks can be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, so as to be stopped from the reproduction operation thereof. In the case of the disc which is not encrypted, but when the watermarks cannot be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, it is brought into the reproduction operation as it is since it is not the disc on which the protection should be given under the copyright. Thereby, it is possible to stop viewing of the disc which is illegally copied, therefore the reproduction will not be erroneously stopped even if the watermarks is erroneously detected when it is reproduced from the regular disc which is encrypted.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of showing a flow of signals in another embodiment of a reproduction apparatus according to the present invention. In Fig. 3, a reference numeral 10 indicates a encryption detection circuit, 20 a watermark detection circuit, 30 a reproduction restriction circuit, 40 a storage medium, 50 a reading circuit, 60 a reproduction data outputting terminal, 70 an information analyzing circuit, and 150 a reproduction deciding circuit.

The present embodiment is also a drive, i.e., for reproducing from the storage medium, such as a DVD-ROM or a DVD-RAM, etc. The reading circuit 50 reads out data from the storage medium 40, and supplies the read out data being coded into the encryption detection circuit 10, the watermark detection circuit 20, the reproduction restriction circuit 30 and the information analyzing circuit 70.

The encryption detection circuit 10 detects an information being recorded on the storage medium 40, indicating that a disc is encrypted in accordance with a predetermined encryption method.

The watermark detection circuit 20 detects the watermarks superimposed onto the video information which is recorded on the storage medium 40.

5 The information analyzing circuit 70 analyzes whether the input data to the watermark detection circuit 20 is the regular input data or not, from which the watermarks can be detected therefrom. In more details, according to the present embodiment, it is investigated whether it is the regular data or not, which is consistent with the MPEG 2 system.

10 The reproduction deciding circuit 150, depending upon a condition, decides whether the moving picture data should be outputted from the reproduction data outputting terminal 60 or not, and depending upon the decision result thereof, the reproduction restricting circuit 30 supplies the moving picture
15 data to the reproduction data outputting terminal 60 when the output should be provided with, while it does not supply it when the output should not be provided. Fig. 4 is a view of showing a reproduction condition. In a case of the disc which is encrypted, since it is a regular disc on which the protection should be given
20 legally under the copyright, then the data is reproduced therefrom. In a case of the disc which is not encrypted, it is considered to be the disc being illegally copied when the watermarks can be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, so as to be stopped from the reproduction operation thereof. In the case of the disc
25 which is not encrypted, when the watermarks cannot be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20 therefrom, and further when the data is the regular input data from which the watermarks can be detected, it is brought into the reproduction operation as it is since it is not the disc on which the protection should be given
30 under the copyright. In the case of the disc which is not encrypted, when the watermarks cannot be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20 therefrom, and further when the data is the irregular input data from which the watermarks cannot be detected, it is considered to be a disc which is illegally encrypted so that the

watermarks cannot be detected therefrom, then the reproduction is stopped. Thereby, it is also possible to stop the viewing of the disc which is illegally copied so that the watermarks cannot be detected therefrom.

5 Fig. 5 is a block diagram of showing a flow of signals in an embodiment of a decoding apparatus according to the present invention. In Fig. 5, a reference numeral 20 indicates an watermark detection circuit, 80 a decryption circuit, 90 an output restriction circuit, 100 a coded data input terminal, 110 an input
10 terminal for designating ON or OFF for the decryption, 120 a selection circuit, 130 a decoder circuit, 140 a decoded data output terminal, and 160 an output decision circuit.

 The present embodiment is a decoder board, for decoding the moving picture data which is compressed with the MPEG 2 system.
15 At the coded data input terminal 100 is inputted the coded data which is reproduced from the storage medium, such as the DVD-ROM or DVD-RAM.

 According to the present embodiment, it is possible to decode the coded data reproduced from the DVD-ROM or DVD-RAM which
20 is encrypted. The decryption circuit 80 is the circuit for decryption thereof.

 At the input terminal for designating ON or OFF for the decryption 110 is inputted a signal for indicating to decrypt when reproducing the encrypted disc, and a signal indicating not to
25 decrypt is inputted in the cases other than that. The selection circuit 120 selects the coded data which is decrypted within the decryption circuit 80 when decrypting, while it selects the coded data inputted at the coded data input terminal 100 when not
30 decrypting, so as to supply it to the decoder circuit 130. The decoder circuit 130 conducts decoding processes on the basis of the MPEG 2 system so as to decode the moving picture data. The decoded moving picture data is outputted from the decoded data

output terminal 140.

The output deciding circuit 160, depending upon a condition, decides whether the moving picture data should be outputted from the decoded data output terminal 140 or not, and depending upon
5 the decision result thereof, the output restriction circuit 90 supplies the moving picture data at the decoded data outputting terminal 140 when the output should be provided with, while it does not supply that data when the output should not be provided. Fig. 6 is a view of showing an output condition. In a case of
10 decryption, it provides an output since the data is a regular code protected under the copyright. In a case of not in the decryption, and when the watermarks can be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, the data is considered to be the reproduced data of the disc which is illegally copied, so that the output is stopped.
15 In the case of not in the decryption, and when the watermarks cannot be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, the data is reproduced as it is since it is not protected under the copyright. Thereby, it is possible to stop viewing of the reproduced data from the disc which is illegally copied, therefore the output will
20 not be erroneously stopped even if the watermarks is erroneously detected when the reproduced data is decoded from the regular disc which is encrypted.

The above explanation which was mentioned in the above was given only on the case where all is the video information, however
25 the construction of an embodiment is same in a case of an audio information, except that the encoding and the decoding of video is replaced by the encoding and the decoding of audio, and that the watermarks of the video is replaced by the watermarks of the audio, thereby obtaining the same effects.

30 Fig. 7 is a block diagram of showing flow of signals in an embodiment of a reproduction apparatus adopted for a plurality kinds of the storage mediums. In Fig. 7, a reference numeral 10 indicates an encryption detection circuit, 20 a watermark

detection circuit, 30 a reproduction restriction circuit, 40 a storage medium, 50 a reading circuit, 60 a reproduction data outputting terminal, 150 a reproduction deciding circuit, and 170 a medium & format decision circuit.

5 The present embodiment is a drive, i.e., for reproducing from the plurality kinds of the storage mediums, such as a DVD-ROM and a DVD-RAM, etc. The reading circuit 50 reads out data from the storage medium 40, and supplies the coded read out data to the encryption detection circuit 10, the watermark detection
10 circuit 20, the medium & format decision circuit 170 and the reproduction restriction circuit 30.

 An encryption system which is prepared for the DVD-ROM for use of video information (i.e., a DVD-Video format) is called by CSS (Content Scrambling System). Though the same system is studied
15 or investigated for the DVD-RAM, but it is an encryption system being different from that CSS system. Also, among the DVD-RAMs, there are a real time recording format with which the video information is recorded while being compressed with the MPEG 2 system at the same time, and a stream recording format with which
20 a bit stream being already compressed with the MPEG 2 system is recorded as it is. In the case of the stream recording, the bit stream being already compressed is transmitted under the condition where it is encrypted. Both the encryption system of the real time recording format and the encryption system of the
25 stream recording format are prospected to be different in the encryption systems thereof. The present embodiment enables to reproduce all of those discs and to meet those encryption systems.

 The medium & format decision circuit 170 decides the sort or kind, as well as the recording format of the storage medium
30 40.

 The encryption detection circuit 10 detects an information indicating that a disc is encrypted in accordance with a

predetermined encryption system corresponding to the kind and the recording format of the storage medium 40.

The watermark detection circuit 20 detects the watermarks superimposed onto the video information which is recorded on the storage medium 40.

The reproduction deciding circuit 150, depending upon a condition, decides whether the moving picture data should be outputted from the reproduction data outputting terminal 60 or not, and depending upon the decision result thereof, the reproduction restricting circuit 30 supplies the moving picture data to the reproduction data outputting terminal 60 when the output should be provided with, while it does not supply it when the output should not be provided. Fig. 8 is a view of showing a reproduction condition. In a case that the encryption system is the CSS system and in the DVD-ROM Video format, it is reproduced since it is the regular disc which is protected under the copyright. In a case that the encryption system is one for the real recording format and in the real recording format, it is reproduced since it is the regular disc which is protected under the copyright. In a case where the encryption system is one for the stream recording format and in the DVD-RAM stream recording format, it is reproduced since it is the regular disc which is protected under the copyright. In each of the formats, and in a case of the disc which is not encrypted, the disc is considered to be the disc that is illegally copied when the watermarks can be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, so that the reproduction is stopped. In a case of the disc being not encrypted, when the watermarks cannot be detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, it is reproduced as it is since it is the disc which is not protected under the copyright.

According to the present embodiment, it is also possible to stop viewing of the disc which is illegally copied even when reproducing the discs of the plurality of recording formats in

which different encryption systems are determined, therefore the reproduction will not be erroneously stopped even if the watermark is erroneously detected when it is reproduced from the encrypted regular disc.

5 Fig. 9 is a block diagram of showing flow of signals in an embodiment of a decoding apparatus attached with AKE (Authentication and Key Exchange). In Fig. 9, a reference numeral 20 indicates a watermark detection circuit, 80 an decryption circuit, 90 an output restriction circuit, 100 a coded data input
10 terminal, 120 a selection circuit, 130 a decoder circuit, 140 a decoded data output terminal, 160 an output decision circuit and 180 an AKE circuit.

 The present embodiment is a decoder board, for decoding the moving picture data which is compressed with the MPEG 2 system.
15 At the coded data input terminal 100 is inputted the coded data which is reproduced from the storage medium, such as the DVD-ROM or DVD-RAM.

 In the present embodiment, in which the AKE circuit 180 is installed, a key is obtained through an authentication and key
20 exchange between an external apparatus with the AKE circuit 180 when receiving the encrypted code data from that external apparatus, such as the DVD-ROM drive or DVD-RAM drive so as to decoding it, thereby conducting the decryption by using this key. The decryption circuit 80 is the circuit for decryption.

25 The selection circuit 120 selects the coded data which is decrypted within the decryption circuit 80 when the AKE is established and the code should be decrypted, while it selects the coded data inputted at the coded data input terminal 100 when the AKE is not established and no code should be decrypted, thereby
30 supplying it to the decoder circuit 130. The decoder circuit 130 conducts the decoding processes on the basis of the MPEG 2 system so as to decode the moving picture data. When being inputted with

the regular MPEG 2 data and when the decoding is started, it transmits the data to the watermark circuit 20 and the output decision circuit 160. The decoded moving picture data is outputted from the decoded data output terminal 140.

5 The electronic watermark circuit 20 detects the watermarks of the moving picture data which is decoded, when the decoding is started in spite of the fact that the AKE is not established.

10 The output deciding circuit 160, depending upon a condition, decides whether the moving picture data should be outputted from the decoded data output terminal 140 or not, and depending upon the decision result thereof, the output restriction circuit 90 supplies the moving picture data at the decoded data outputting terminal 140 when the output should be provided with, while it does not supply that data when the output should not be provided.

15 Fig. 10 is a view of showing an output condition. In a case of decrypting when the AKE is established, the data is outputted since it is the regular code being protected under the copyright when the decoding operates. In a case of not decryption since the AKE is not established, and in particular, when the decoding operates

20 and the watermarks are detected by the watermark detection circuit 20, the data is considered to be the reproduced data of the disc which is illegally copied so that the output is stopped. In the case of not decryption since the AKE is not established, and also when the decoding operates, but when watermarks are not detected

25 by the watermark detection circuit 20, the data is outputted as it is since it is the code which is not protected under the copyright. When the decoding does not operate, the output is stopped. Though it may be outputted, however, no meaningful moving picture data is outputted since at this moment no decoding is

30 performed thereon.

Thereby, it is possible to stop viewing of the reproduced data from the illegally copied disc on which no AKE operates, therefore the output will not be erroneously stopped even if the

watermarks is erroneously detected when the reproduced data is decoded from the regular encrypted disc on which the AKE operates.

What is claimed is:

1. A reproduction apparatus for reproducing video or audio information recorded in a storage medium, comprising:

5 encryption detection means for detecting whether the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is encrypted or not in accordance with a predetermined encryption system;

10 watermark detection means for detecting a watermark information indicative of a copy management information, including at least copy prohibition which is superimposed onto the video or audio information, in a case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system; and

15 a reproduction restricting means for stopping reproduction of the video or audio information, when any of the copy management information is detected upon a detection result by said watermark detection means, in a case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system.

20 2. A reproduction apparatus as defined in the claim 1, further including:

25 an information analysis means for analyzing whether the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is a regular video or audio information or not, from which the watermark can be detected in the watermark detection circuit, in the case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system, wherein

30 said reproduction restricting means stops the reproduction of the video or audio information, also when it is not decided to be the regular video or audio information from which the

watermark can be detected, in the case where the video or audio information recorded in said storage medium is not encrypted in accordance with the predetermined encryption system.

3. A decoding apparatus, being inputted with coded video
5 or audio information, for decoding the video or audio information so as to be outputted, comprising:

a decryption means for restoring an original video or audio information which is coded by decrypting an input code data which is encrypted;

10 a watermark detection means for detecting a watermark information indicative of a copy management information, including at least copy prohibition which is superimposed onto the video or audio information, in case of decoding the coded video or audio information which is inputted, directly without using
15 said decryption means;

a reproduction restricting means for stopping reproduction of the video or audio information, when any copy management information is detected upon a detection result by said watermark detection means, in case of decoding the coded video or audio
20 information which is inputted, directly without using said decryption means.

4. A reproduction apparatus as defined in the claim 1, further including:

a medium and format deciding means for deciding a kind from
25 a plurality of storage mediums and a recording format thereof, wherein,

said encryption detection means detects whether the data on said medium is encrypted or not in accordance with a encryption system which is predetermined for each of the kinds of said
30 plurality of storage mediums and the recording format thereon, and,

said reproduction restricting means stops reproduction of the video or audio information when any of the copy management information is detected upon detection result by said watermark detection means, in case that the video and audio information is not encrypted in accordance with an encryption system which is predetermined for each of the kinds of said plurality of storage mediums and the recording format thereon.

5 10 5. A decoding apparatus, being inputted with coded video or audio information, for decoding the video or audio information so as to be outputted, comprising:

a decryption means for restoring an original video or audio information which is coded by decrypting an input code data which is encrypted;

15 an AKE means for conducting an authentication between a supply device of the input code data and key exchange necessary for decryption;

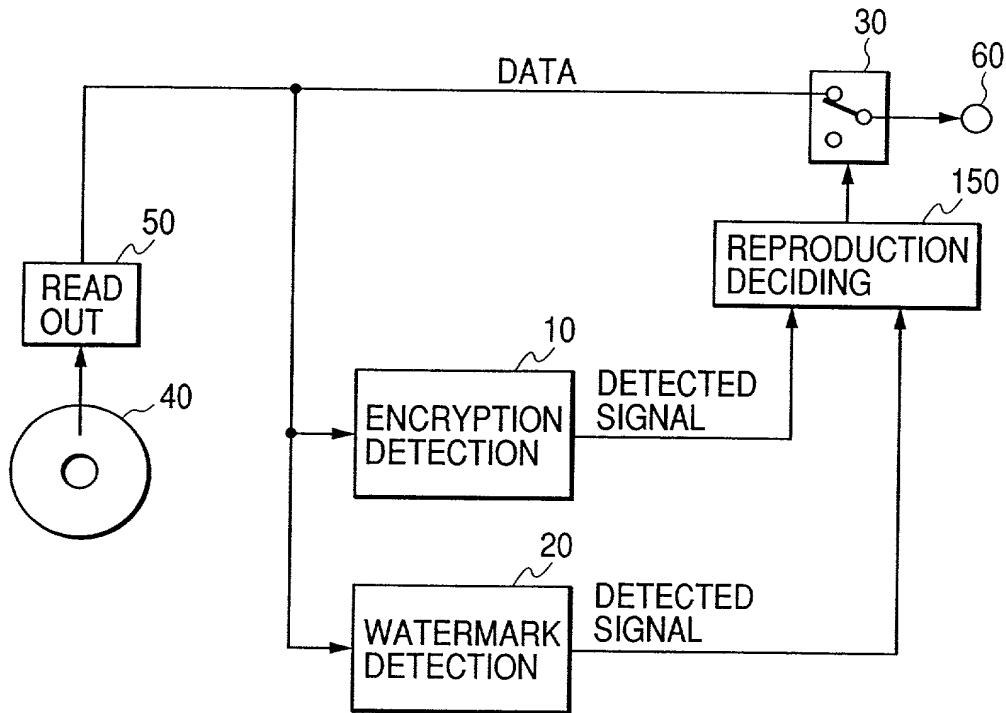
20 a watermark detection means for detecting a watermark information indicative of a copy management information, including at least copy prohibition which is superimposed onto the video or audio information, if the decoding is started under a condition where the authentication and the key exchange are not yet established in said AKE means;

25 a reproduction restricting means for stopping reproduction of the video or audio information, when any of the copy management information is detected upon a detection result by said watermark detection means, if the decoding is started under a condition where the authentication and the key exchange are not yet established in said AKE means.

ABSTRACT OF DISCLOSURE

Information or contents cannot be reproduced even from a regular storage medium which is encrypted in accordance with a predetermined encryption system, due to erroneous detection of
5 watermarks.

Detection of the watermarks and restriction over reproduction depending thereon is conducted only in a case where the medium is not encrypted. In case of detecting that the data is not encrypted in accordance with a predetermined encryption
10 system by an encryption detection circuit (10) and when the watermarks are detected by a watermark detection circuit (20), reproduction of the data is stopped by a reproduction restricting circuit (30). In a case that it is detected to be encrypted in the predetermined encryption system by the encryption detection
15 circuit (10), the reproduction restricting circuit (30) will not stop the reproduction thereof.

FIG. 1*FIG. 2*

ENCRYPTION SYSTEM DETECTION	WATERMARK DETECTION	REPRODUCTION
PREDETERMINED SYSTEM	—	YES
SYSTEM OTHER THAN THE PREDETERMINED SYSTEM OR NO CODING	DETECTED	NO
	NOT DETECTED	YES

FIG. 3

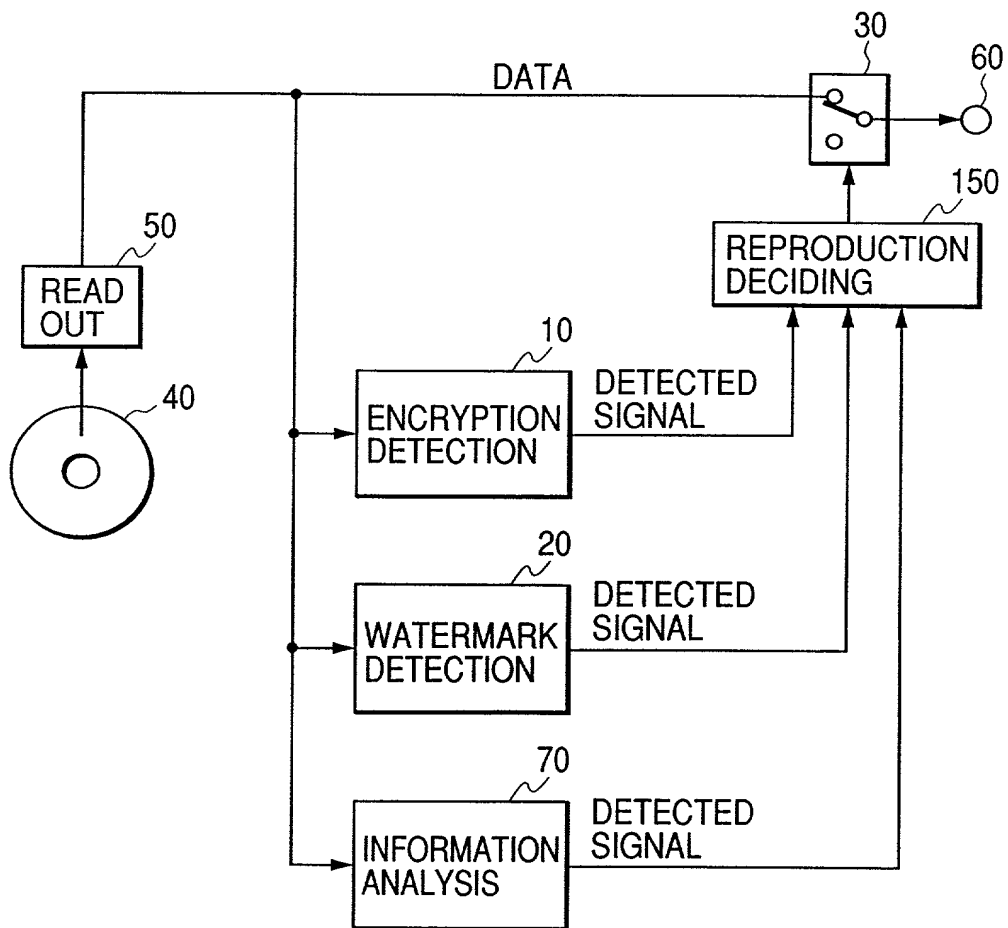
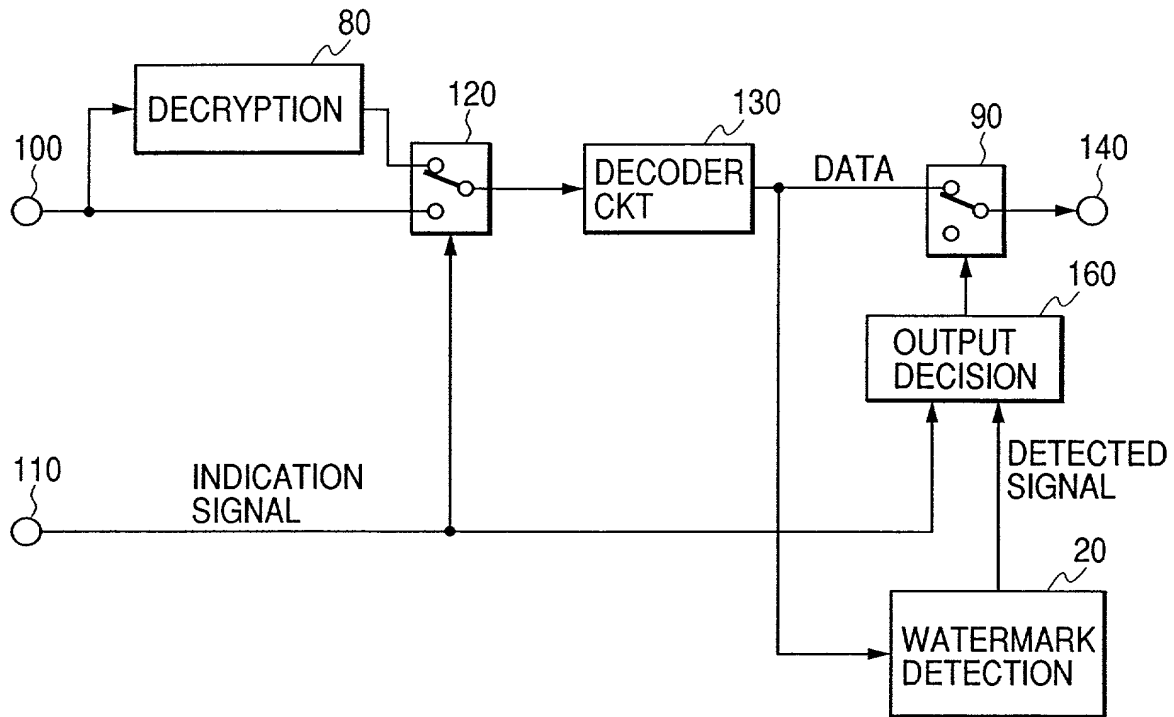


FIG. 4

ENCRYPTION SYSTEM DETECTION	WATERMARK DETECTION	INFORMATION ANALYSIS RESULT	REPRODUCTION
PREDETERMINED SYSTEM	—	—	YES
SYSTEM OTHER THAN THE PREDETERMINED SYSTEM OR NO CODING	DETECTED	—	NO
	NOT DETECTED	ABLE TO DETECT	YES
		UNABLE TO DETECT	NO

FIG. 5**FIG. 6**

DECRYPTION	WATERMARK DETECTION	OUTPUT
YES	—	YES
NO	DETECTED	NO
	NOT DETECTED	YES

FIG. 7

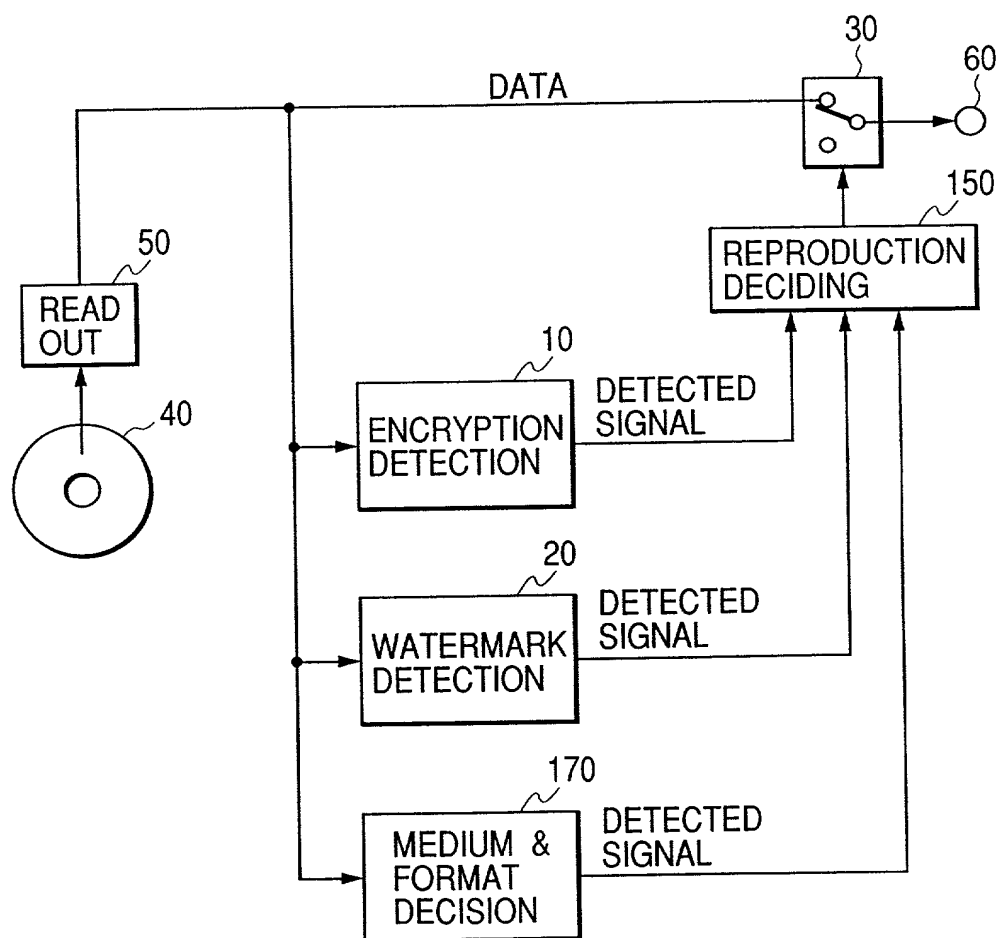


FIG. 8

RECORDING MEDIUM	FORMAT	ENCRYPTION SYSTEM DETECTION	WATERMARK DETECTION	REPRODUCTION
DVD-ROM	VIDEO	CSS SYSTEM	—	YES
		NO	DETECTED	NO
			NOT DETECTED	YES
DVD-RAM	REAL TIME RECORDING	ENCRYPTION SYSTEM FOR REAL TIME RECORDING	—	YES
		NO	DETECTED	NO
			NOT DETECTED	YES
	STREAM RECORDING	ENCRYPTION SYSTEM FOR STREAM RECORDING	—	YES
		NO	DETECTED	NO
			NOT DETECTED	YES

FIG. 9

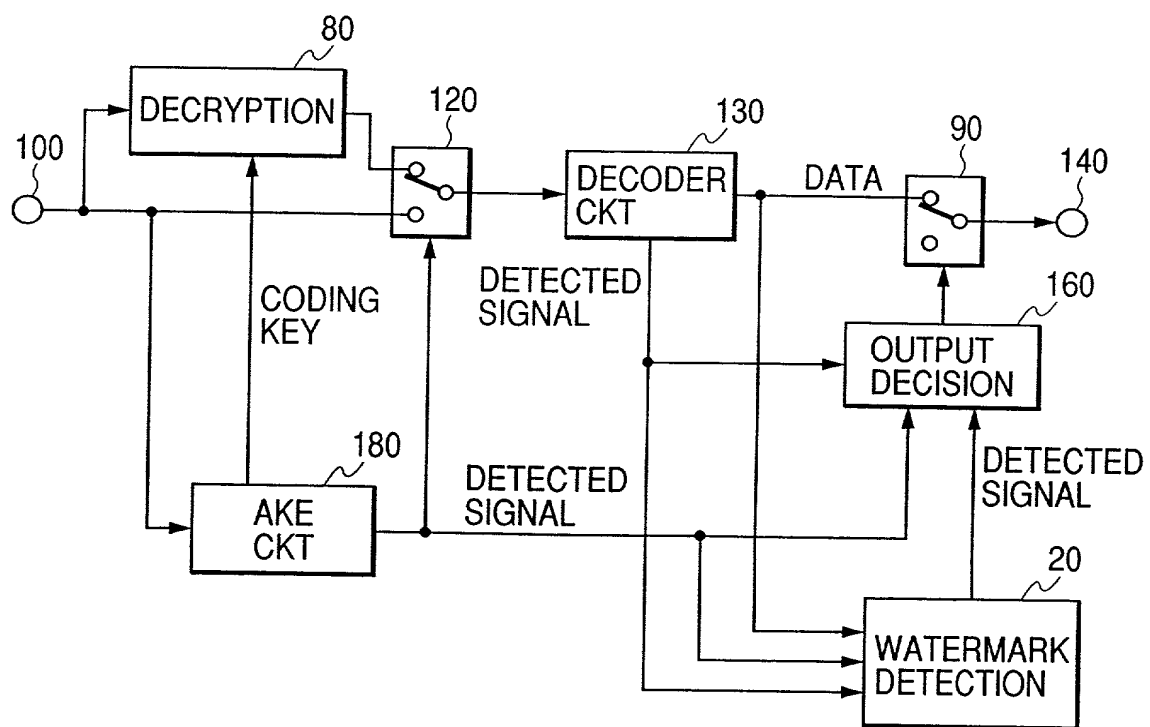


FIG. 10

AKE	DECRYPTION	DECODING	WATERMARK DETECTION	OUTPUT
OPERATED	YES	OPERATED	—	YES
NOT OPERATED	NO		DETECTED	NO
			NOT DETECTED	YES
OPERATED	YES	NOT OPERATED	—	NO
NOT OPERATED	NO			

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PTO/SB/122 (11-96)

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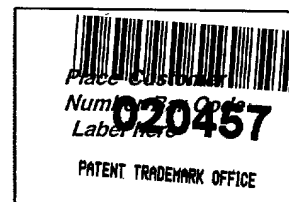


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